

3 June 2022

Look Ahead America, Inc.
722 12th Street NW, Suite 538
Washington, D.C. 20005

Wisconsin Election Commission
201 W Washington Ave, 2nd Floor
Madison, WI 53703

Dear Wisconsin Election Commission (WEC),

We are filing a formal complaint in order to bring attention to an election integrity issue that we have confirmed with various municipal clerks and the WEC. This is an issue apparently known about but nothing has occurred to resolve the situation during the 19 months since the 2020 General Election. Our intention with this formal complaint is to close a loophole caused by the Department of Motor Vehicles (WIDMV) wherein driver's licenses are being issued with nonresidential addresses which should be flagged and blocked from use. Some voters are then using the license as proof of residence for voter registration, and clerks fail to check the addresses, assuming that the prior agencies did their due diligence.

We have identified 65 voters in the state of Wisconsin registered at and who cast ballots from the USPS, UPS, FedEx, storage units and independent mail centers in the 2020 General Election. In many cases this has been occurring since 2016 (Exhibit A). We present the related statutes:

§6.10 establishes that voters may not use a USPS, UPS, or similar services as a residential address for voter registration: <https://docs.legis.wisconsin.gov/statutes/statutes/6/i/10/1>

6.10 Elector residence. Residence as a qualification for voting shall be governed by the following standards:

(1) The residence of a person is the place where the person's habitation is fixed, without any present intent to move, and to which, when absent, the person intends to return.

§12.13(1)a and §12.13(1)b apply with P.O. Boxes, as §6.10 established that these locations do not qualify as elector residences: <https://docs.legis.wisconsin.gov/statutes/statutes/12/13>

12.13 Election fraud.

(1) ELECTORS. Whoever intentionally does any of the following violates this chapter:

(a) Votes at any election or meeting if that person does not have the necessary elector qualifications and residence requirements.

(b) Falsely procures registration or makes false statements to the municipal clerk, board of election commissioners or any other election official whether or not under oath.

When we contacted the clerks for each affected municipality, several of them stated that the voters had provided their identification in the form of a driver's license obtained through the Wisconsin Department of Motor Vehicles.

In fact, Ms. Joslyn Hoeffert of the Village of Caledonia stated the issue succinctly: "[T]his voter provided a driver's license as valid proof of residence under this address. The address itself doesn't reference a "PO BOX" but rather the actual USPS location" (Exhibit B).

In fact, one of the voters' applications shows a nonresidential location on her driver's license and voter application from 2016 (Exhibit C). The district attorney of this municipality is investigating this situation, but this is apparently what many voters did when they registered to vote using an ineligible and fraudulent address.

When Ian Camacho, Director of Research with Look Ahead America, contacted Ms. Jodi Vitcenda, WisVote Elections Specialist of the Wisconsin Elections Commission, via email on May 26, 2022 about this issue, she responded that she and the WEC were aware of this issue but that the organization could not investigate each claim absent a formal complaint (Exhibit D).

Ms. Casandra Smith of the Village of Pewaukee in Waukesha County had also stated that she had tried to remove a voter on the list that we brought to her attention, but that the WEC instructed her that she could not remove this voter. She even asked us for assistance to provide more evidence in order to get this voter removed from the rolls, which we provided (Exhibit E).

Another, Ms. Catherine Roeske of the City of Oak Creek, seemed unaware that this practice is illegal and seemed unwilling to remove a voter from the list; when we provided evidence, she continually made excuses for the voter and when we explained why these did not hold up, she moved the goalposts as you will see in the email interaction below (Exhibit F).

Therefore, we are filing a formal complaint as it is apparent that the WEC was aware of this issue caused by the WIDMV but has not taken steps to remedy it during the 19 months since the 2020 General Election.

Not only do we wish to remove the voters from the rolls who have not yet been removed, but we also wish to launch a formal investigation into these cases for prosecution. In addition to handling the voter, we also wish to close the loophole by having the WEC work with the WIDMV to coordinate a list of ineligible addresses to have these removed from their system, including legacy addresses that are ineligible for registration and identification purposes.

To recap, this is (1) a known issue to the WEC, (2) some voters illegally registered at ineligible locations are being blocked from removal by WEC for unspecified reasons, (3) others are not being removed due to the clerk's unwillingness to perform their duties or inability to understand the law, and (4) this is due to the DMV registrations creating this issue that both the WEC and clerks know. We are willing to provide any additional information that you need such as all email interactions and individualized municipality lists.

We eagerly await a prompt resolution to this election integrity loophole in Wisconsin that has been permitted to fester for the last 6 years.

Kind Regards,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Ian Camacho', with a long horizontal flourish extending to the right.

Ian Camacho

Director of Research

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JURAT WITH AFFIANT STATEMENT

State of TEXAS }
County of McLennan } ss.

- See Attached Document (Notary to cross out lines 1-7 below)
- See Statement Below (Lines 1-7 to be completed only by document signer[s], not Notary)

1 _____
2 _____
3 _____
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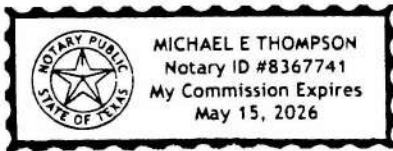
Signature of Document Signer No. 1

Signature of Document Signer No. 2 (if any)

Subscribed and sworn to (or affirmed) before me

this 3 day of June, 2022, by
Date Month Year

IAN CHRISTIAN CAMACHO
Name of Signer No. 1



Place Notary Seal/Stamp Above

Name of Signer No. 2 (if any)

[Signature]

Signature of Notary Public

Comm Exp. 5/15/2026

Any Other Required Information
(Residence, Expiration Date, etc.)

OPTIONAL

This section is required for notarizations performed in Arizona but is optional in other states. Completing this information can deter alteration of the document or fraudulent reattachment of this form to an unintended document.

Description of Attached Document

Title or Type of Document: Female Candidate to Wisconsin Elections Commission

Document Date: 3 June 2022 Number of Pages: 45

Signer(s) Other Than Named Above: None